

Studying the Distant Past-Early Man

Name _____

Study of Early Humans

Anthropology-study of how human beings behave, _____, where they came from, and what makes one group different from others.

Archaeologists-study human life in the _____ by examining the things that people left behind

Until about 5,000 yrs. ago, people had no way to _____.

_____ -time before things were written down

Archeologists, look for the places where people may have lived.

Why?

Things left behind may include:

Fossils-bones, plants, feathers

Carbon Dating- the more carbon found= _____ remains, less carbon= _____ remains

_____ -objects made and used by humans.

The Hunt for Early Humans

Where did the first human remains appear on earth?

- Leakey's-gorge in _____ Africa
- Donald Johnson-"Lucy"-Ethiopia
- Tim White-"Ardi"
- Michael Brunet-found remains in _____ Africa

Hunter-Gatherer Societies

- These humans lived by _____ small animals and _____ plants.
- Harsh life, many groups died out
- Need to develop tools and skills to meet their needs, made life easier-

- **Development of Tools**

- Made of stone-**Paleolithic**-_____

- These tools needed to cut, chop, _____ animal skins.

- Eventually became _____, enabled humans to hunt for larger animals.

- **Fire- why was this an important step in human development? What good is fire?**

Wandering Bands

- _____-the way of life of a people
 - Stone-Age hunters lived in _____ groups
 - _____-people who move from place to place with the seasons,
WHY?
-

Later Stone Age People

_____ -found in Neander Valley, Germany

- First to bury their dead?

Homo Sapiens-

- Taller, less muscular
- Developed complex _____

How does having a shared language help a culture? _____

Neanderthals eventually disappeared

- lost a battle
- mixed in with other groups

Populating the Earth

- Many groups of early humans appeared and then died out.
_____ or modern humans were the last to appear.
- Over many thousands of years, they spread out to populate almost every land area of the world.

Migration Theories

1. Originated in _____, _____ to other parts of the world
2. Some scientists believe these large-brained humans developed _____ of the world and then _____ to become 1 group, known as Homo sapiens.

Adapting

As humans migrated, they settled into _____ environments and had to adapt to different _____, plants, and _____.

They had to change their way of life to survive.

Forming larger communities-hunt together, defend their communities...became clans (_____)

Developing Culture

Clans mingled for trading of _____ and _____

Paleolithic communities become more complex,

- _____ is one example: Las Caux
- _____
- _____