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| **Name:** |  |
| **Date:** |

**THE FERTILE CRESCENT**

Humans lived as nomads for tens of thousands of years before slowly settling down in various parts of the world. Nomads are people who have no permanent home and travel in search of food and safety. A typical nomadic group might include an extended family of about ten adults and their children. The nomads would temporarily camp in an area for a few weeks or months. The men would hunt animals while the women would gather fruit, grains, seeds and nuts. When the nomads exhausted the land they moved to a new area.

Civilization developed slowly in different parts of the world. People began to settle in areas with abundant natural resources. For thousands of years, people have been attracted to a part of the world archaeologists later called the Fertile Crescent. The Fertile Crescent is a boomerang-shaped region that extends from the eastern shore of the Mediterranean Sea to the Persian Gulf. The Fertile Crescent is a rich food-growing area in a part of the world where most of the land is too dry for farming.

Some of the best farmland of the Fertile Crescent is on a narrow strip of land between the Tigris and the Euphrates Rivers. The two rivers travel near one another for thousands of miles before they combine to drain into the Persian Gulf. The Greeks called this area Mesopotamia, which means "between the rivers." Very little rain falls in Mesopotamia, but water and nutrients from the river soak into the land, creating an environment filled with plants and the animals that feed on the vegetation.

Many different civilizations flourished in this small region. The Sumerians slowly developed one of the first civilizations in the southeastern section of Mesopotamia as early as 7,500 years ago. The Sumerian civilization lasted more than three thousand years, but in time the Sumerians lost their influence. The Babylonians formed a centralized government under King Hammurabi. The Babylonian culture lasted from about 1770bc to about 1595bc. Various other cultures dominated part or all of the Fertile Crescent including Amorites, the Kassites, (c. 1531-1155bc) the Hittites (c. 1370 – 1205bc) and the Assyrians (c.890-600bc). The land known as Mesopotamia was later controlled by the Persians, the Greeks under Alexander the Great, the Romans, and the Ottoman Turks. The land between the Tigris and Euphrates has been part of the modern nation of Iraq since 1932.

# **Fill in the Blanks**

 About 7,500 years ago, a group of people gave up their n\_\_m\_\_d\_\_c lifestyles to settle in the area between the T\_\_g\_\_is and the E\_\_p\_\_r\_\_t\_\_s Rivers. The Greeks later called this land M\_\_s\_\_p\_\_t\_\_m\_\_a, which means “b\_\_t\_\_e\_\_n the r\_\_v\_\_rs.” Mesopotamia is part of the F\_\_r\_\_i\_\_e C\_\_e\_\_c\_\_nt, a b\_o\_\_e\_\_a\_\_g -shaped region that extends from the e\_\_s\_\_e\_\_n shore of the M\_\_d\_\_t\_\_r\_\_a\_\_e\_\_n Sea to the P\_\_r\_\_i\_\_n Gulf.

Several civilizations developed in Mesopotamia partly because the rivers provide the region with ab\_\_n\_\_a\_\_t natural r\_\_s\_\_u\_\_c\_\_s. The S\_\_m\_\_r\_\_a\_s first settled near the confluence of the rivers about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_bc. Later Mesopotamian c\_\_v\_\_l\_\_z\_\_t\_\_o\_\_s included the B\_b\_\_l\_\_n\_a\_\_s and the A\_\_s\_\_r\_\_a\_\_s. Mesopotamia was later controlled by the P\_\_r\_\_i\_\_ns, the G\_\_e\_\_ks, and the R\_\_m\_\_ns. Mesopotamia is now part of the m\_\_d\_\_rn nation of I\_\_\_\_\_\_.

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# **Timeline**

1. Identify on the timeline the periods when the following civilizations flourished in Mesopotamia: the Sumerians, the Babylonians, the Kassites, the Hittites, the Assyrians, modern Iraq. Note that the civilizations may overlap.

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# **Answer in complete sentences**

2. What is the Fertile Crescent?

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\*3. What is the dictionary definition of crescent? Can you think of a food whose name in French means crescent? Write it at the very bottom of the page if you can think of it.

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\*4. Why do you think people choose to settle in areas with abundant natural resources?

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\*5. What are the natural boundaries of Mesopotamia? Why do we call the land Mesopotamia?

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\*This is a higher order learning question. You must answer the question to the best of your ability, but any reasonable answer will be graded as correct.

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